

Hybrid Multizonal gPROMS–CFD

High-precision multizonal gPROMS models with automated CFD coupling

Multizonal (or multicompartment) models approximate the effects of non-ideal mixing in industrial-scale processes by representing them as networks of **well-mixed zones**.

However, in the past, the wide application of such models has been limited by the difficulty of establishing zone connectivity and calculating inter-zonal flowrates.

Hybrid Multizonal ...

- combines multizonal (multi-compartment) models in gPROMS with CFD
- offers unprecedented modelling accuracy for optimisation of design and operations
- addresses traditionally “difficult” processes, including crystallisation, polymerisation, and fluidised-bed reactions
- allows solution of both steady-state and dynamic simulation problems within reasonable computational time
- delivers new value from both CFD and process modelling investment via model re-use.

PSE’s Hybrid Multizonal gPROMS–CFD (Hybrid Multizonal) software is a unique and powerful tool that enables multizonal models in gPROMS to make use of computational fluid dynamics (CFD) models for the prediction of the network connectivity and the inter-zonal flowrates.

In the past, creating such links has been a time-consuming and error-prone process. With Hybrid Multizonal, all the user has to do is provide a single gPROMS model¹ (of any level of complexity) of a well-mixed zone, and specify the number of zones to be considered and the approximate (x,y,z) co-ordinates of their centres in the CFD model. Hybrid Multizonal does the rest automatically.

How the gPROMS Hybrid Multizonal CFD tool works

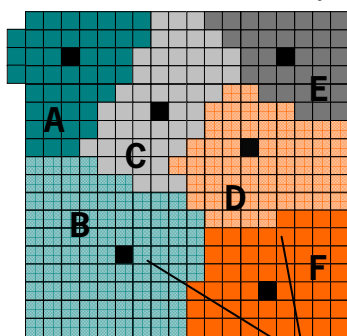
Hybrid Multizonal uses the specified (x,y,z) co-ordinates to group the cells in the CFD model into a number of zones of irregular geometry. This information is used to automatically create a multizonal model in gPROMS, by connecting multiple instances of a gPROMS model for a single well-mixed zone.

On execution, gPROMS reads initial inter-zone mass flowrates from the CFD model, performs the internal gPROMS calculations for each zone, and returns the zonal viscosities and densities to the CFD model, which then re-computes the mass flowrates. Iteration between the two models (typically only 1 -3 cycles) proceeds until the returned values are within tolerance.

If necessary, the CFD model can also return zone volume-averaged hydrodynamic quantities (e.g. turbulent energy dissipation rate), which may affect some of the physical phenomena represented within the gPROMS zone model (e.g. the rate of nucleation in crystallisation models).

CFD model

Contains total mass and momentum conservation only



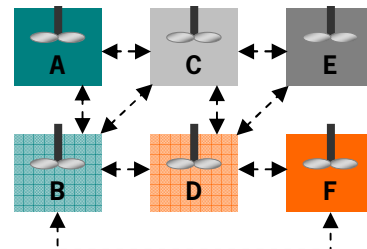
Mass flowrates and important hydrodynamic quantities

Calculated viscosity and density

User-specified zones of similar property characteristics

gPROMS auto-generated zone network model

Comprises multiple instances of well-mixed zone model which contains all phenomena (e.g. reaction, mass transfer, crystal nucleation and growth) except fluid mechanics



Results of complex process calculation – e.g. crystal size distribution

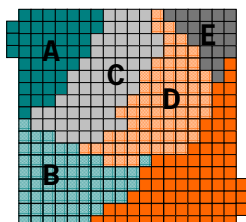
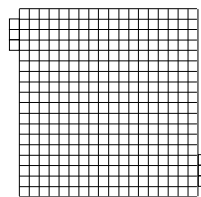
¹ PSE provides the Advanced Model Library for Solution Crystallisation (AML:SC) for sophisticated zone models of crystallisation processes. Similar reaction and polymerisation models can be supplied under PSE’s ModelCare programme.

Using the Hybrid Multizonal gPROMS–CFD software – a simple step-by-step guide

The typical workflow for hybrid multizonal gPROMS–CFD modelling involves the following steps:

A. Prepare the CFD zone information

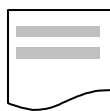
Step 1: Prepare a CFD model of the equipment of interest, incorporating total mass and momentum balances only



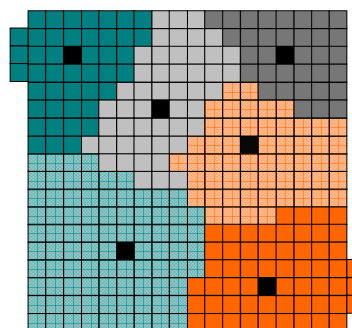
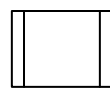
Step 2: Perform a preliminary CFD calculation using nominal values of viscosity and density

Step 3: Inspect the solution and identify approximately well-mixed zones

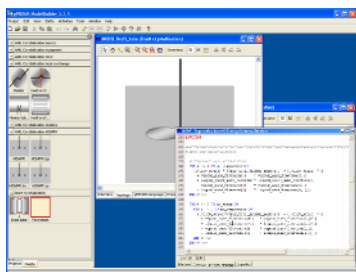
Step 4: Specify the number of zones and the (x,y,z) co-ordinates of the centre of each zone in a simple text file



Step 5: Run a utility that identifies the cells belonging to each zone, the volume of each zone, and the zone connectivity



B. Prepare the gPROMS models



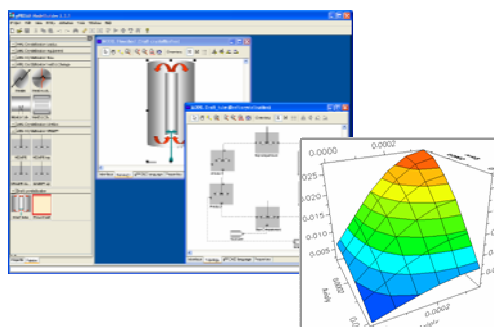
Step 6: Making use of the gPROMS ModelBuilder, prepare a gPROMS model of a single well-mixed zone

C. Execute the combined simulation

Step 7: Execute a gPROMS simulation of the Multizonal model. gPROMS automatically creates the zone flowsheet



Step 8: View the results of the calculation using gPROMS' standard facilities



Licensing, supported platforms and pre-requisites

The Hybrid Multizonal gPROMS–CFD software is licensed as an option under the gPROMS ModelBuilder. The licence includes the utility for the automatic construction of the zone network, a Foreign Object for gPROMS–CFD communication during execution, and a self-configuring gPROMS multizonal network model.

Pre-requisites are:

- gPROMS ModelBuilder for Linux
- Fluent® version 6.1.22 for Linux or later